

Dimethyl 2,2'-(4-oxo-2-phenyl-4H-chromene-5,7-diyl)dioxy]diacetate: a less densely packed polymorph

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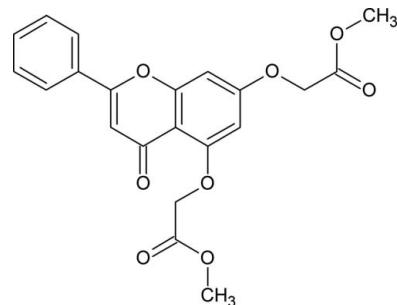
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.055; wR factor = 0.140; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.3.

The title molecule, $C_{21}H_{18}O_8$, crystallizes in two crystal polymorphs, see also Nallasivam, Nethaji, Vembu & Jaswant [Acta Cryst. (2009), **E65**, o312–o313]. The main difference between the two polymorphs is in the conformation of the oxomethylacetate groups with regard to the almost planar [total puckering amplitude 0.047 (2) \AA] chromene ring. In the title compound, the best planes of the oxomethylacetate groups through the non-H atoms are almost perpendicular to the chromene ring [making dihedral angles of 89.61 (6) and 80.59 (5) $^\circ$], while in the second polymorph the molecules are close to planar. Both crystal structures are stabilized by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$.

Related literature

For the second polymorph, see: Nallasivam *et al.* (2009). For the biological and pharmacological properties of benzopyrans and their derivatives, see: Brooks (1998); Hatakeyama *et al.* (1988); Hyana & Saimoto (1987); Tang *et al.* (2007). For the importance of 4*H*-chromenes, see Liu *et al.* (2007); Wang, Fang *et al.* (2003); Wand, Zheng *et al.* (2003). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995); Desiraju & Steiner (1999); Etter (1990).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{21}H_{18}O_8$	$\gamma = 89.683 (3)^\circ$
$M_r = 398.35$	$V = 941.3 (3)\text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 9.4024 (16)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 9.8506 (17)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 11.1570 (18)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 (2)\text{ K}$
$\alpha = 67.817 (3)^\circ$	$0.42 \times 0.35 \times 0.29\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 80.300 (3)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer	8351 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1998)	4316 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.955$, $T_{\max} = 0.969$	2424 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$	264 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.140$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 0.98$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
4316 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.17\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C19—H19A \cdots O17 ⁱ	0.97	2.54	3.214 (3)	127
C19—H19A \cdots O18 ⁱ	0.97	2.58	3.366 (2)	138

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FB2124).

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